Sec. 30. REPORT ON LOANS TO PRIVATE ENTITIES FOR WATER

POLLUTION ABATEMENT AND CONTROL FACILITIES AND PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS

(a) On or before January 15, 2017, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall submit to the House Committees on Corrections and Institutions, on Fish, Wildlife and Water Resources, and on Commerce and Economic Development and the Senate Committee on Institutions a report regarding whether and how to provide loans under 24 V.S.A. chapter 120 to private entities for water pollution abatement and control facilities, and public water supply systems.

(b) The report shall include:

(1) an assessment of the total funds available from the State for grants and loans to municipalities to improve water quality;

(2) an estimate of the costs to municipalities over the next 10 years of complying with State and federal water quality and water supply requirements, including any necessary improvements to water pollution abatement and control facilities or public water supply systems;

(3) an estimate of the likely demand by municipalities in the next 10 years for grants and loans for municipal compliance with State and federal water quality and water supply requirements;

(4) a recommendation of whether to authorize loans under 24 V.S.A. chapter 120 to private entities for water pollution abatement and control facilities or public water supply systems;

(A) if the Secretary recommends that private entities should not receive loans under 24 V.S.A. chapter 120 for water pollution abatement and control facilities or public water supply systems, the basis for the recommendation;

(B) if the Secretary recommends that private entities should be authorized to receive loans under 24 V.S.A. chapter 120 for water pollution abatement and control facilities or public water supply systems:

(i) the basis for the recommendation;

(ii) how loans to municipal projects would retain priority over private entities in eligibility;

(iii) whether loans to private entities should be limited to certain types of water pollution abatement and control facilities or public water supply systems projects, including whether:

(1) loans for the processing of sewage of septage should only be authorized to private residences or development with failed systems, as that term is defined in 10 V.S.A. § 1972; and

(II) loans to private entities for stormwater management should be limited to situations when stormwater runoff contributes to combined sewer overflow issues in a municipality and the State or the municipality lacks regulatory authority to require the private entity to implements stormwater controls.;

(iv) which financial institution or institutions should administer the loans; and (v) recommendations on loan eligibility requirements, conditions of loan agreements, and other provisions necessary to administer loans to private entities.